Quarterly report for the third quarter

Quarterly report according to Regulation of Financial Supervisory Authority no. 5/

2018 - Annex 13

Report date: 01.11.2023 Company name - Prefab S.A.

Head Office - Bucharest, Dr. Iacob Felix, nr. 17 - 19, et.2, sector 1

Work point: Calarasi, Bucuresti str., nr. 396. **Phone/fax:** 021-3315116/ 021-3305980

Unique registration code at the Trade Register Office: RO1916198

Commercial register number: J40/9212/2003

Subscribed and paid-up share capital: 24.266.709,5 lei

Regulated market on which the issued securities are traded: Bucharest Stock

Exchange, Standard category

Main characteristics of the issued securities: the company has issued a total of

48,533,419 registered shares with a nominal value of 0.5 lei each, dematerialized. **Accounting standard applied**: International Financial Reporting Standards

A. Economic and financial indicators

Indicator name	Calculation method	Result
1.Current liquidity	Current	54.027.520/33.851.108=1.60
indicator	assets(current)/current	
	liabilities	
2.Debt ratio indicator	Borrowed capital (t0+t1)/Equity (t0+t1)	[(34.166.708+38.949.141)/2]/ [(217.331.164+213.293.894)/2] =0.17
3.Rotational speed of	Average customer	[(28.524.401+29.564.186)/2] /
customer flows	balance/turnover x 270	89.469.682x270=88
4.Turnover speed of	Turnover/fixed assets	89.469.682/200.740.957=0.44
fixed assets		

B. Other information

1. Economic and financial situation

a. FINANCIAL POSITION - lei

	01.01.2023	30.09.2023
Tangible fixed assets	201.881.713	200.576.291
Intangible assets	26.971	9.343
Real estate investment	0	0
Investments in affiliated entities	150.050	150.050
Biological actives	6.049	5.273
TOTAL FIXED ASSETS	202.064.783	200.740.957
Stocks	22.529.006	23.830.814
Trade and other receivables	28.524.401	29.564.186
Cash and cash equivalents	1.507.104	632.520
Other assets (prepaid expenses)	381.290	604.674
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	52.941.801	54.632.194
1. TOTAL ASSETS	255.006.584	255.373.151
Share capital	24.266.709	24.266.709
Other equity items	(458.880)	(458.880)
Capital premium	14.305.342	14.305.342
Revaluation reserves	117.173.624	117.173.624
Book	45.185.398	47.638.852
Retained earnings except those arising from the	9.552.175	9.552.175
first-time adoption of IAS 29		
Profit at the end of the reporting period	7.756.629	816.072
Profit sharing	449.833	0
2. TOTAL EQUITY	217.331.164	213.293.894
Long-term loans	4.328.188	4.639.153
Trade debts - suppliers	0	0
Other liabilities including long-term tax	458.880	458.880
liabilities		
TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT	4.787.068	5.098.033
Trade and other payables	6.573.081	16.208.898
Short-term loans	22.806.559	17.642.210
TOTAL SHORT-TERM DEBT	29.379.640	33.851.108
Investment grants	3.508.712	3.130.116
3. TOTAL LIABILITIES	255.006.584	255.373.151

b. STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE - lei

	30.09.2022	30.09.2023
NET TURNOVER Change in stocks of finished goods and work in progress	72.932.612 (2.223.465)	89.469.682 1.461.586
Income from the production of tangible fixed assets	0	1.962.813
Other income	490.348	1.245.824
OPERATING INCOME - TOTAL	71.199.495	94.139.905
Raw materials and consumables used Other material expenditure Other external expenditure (energy and water) Expenditure on goods Trade discounts received Staff expenditure, of which -Salaries and allowances -Insurance and social protection costs Value adjustments on intangible assets, tangible fixed assets, investment property and biological assets valued at cost Expenditure Income Value adjustments on current assets	23.603.778 1.542.298 13.440.426 16.849 (302.292) 10.538.293 10.255.183 283.110 7.086.819	37.272.611 1.623.581 18.287.904 223.281 (188.567) 18.826.496 18.399.262 427.234 7.311.776 7.311.776
Expenditure Income	0 0 0	$egin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \end{pmatrix}$
Other operating expenditure of which -Expenditure on external benefits -Other taxes, duties and charges and assimilated spills -Other expenditure	5.273.689 4.371.082 869.847 32.760	8.182.075 6.833.319 1.101.695 247.061
OPERATING EXPENDITURE - TOTAL	61.199.860	91.539.157
OPERATING PROFIT OR LOSS	9.999.635	2.600.748
Income from exchange rate differences	49.750	138.542
Interest income + other financial income	74.387	62
FINANCIAL INCOME	124.137	138.604
Interest-related expenditure Other financial charges	1.156.352 81.900	1.479.682 185.188
FINANCIAL EXPENSES	1.238.252	1.664.870

FINANCIAL PROFIT OR LOSS	(1.114.115)	(1.526.266)
TOTAL REVENUE	71.323.632	94.278.509
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	62.438.112	93.204.027
GROSS PROFIT	8.885.520	1.074.482
Corporate tax	1.432.426	258.410
NET PROFIT	7.453.094	816.072

EXPLANATORY NOTES to the individual interim financial statements as at 30.09.2023

In the year 2023, the national economy continues to face multiple challenges related to stability and predictability that are amplified by very high inflation and by the problems related to the economic implications of the armed conflict at the border, caused by the invasion of Ukraine by Russia on February 24, 2022, which triggered a war in Europe threatening the entire world order.

Since 2020 the economy has faced numerous crises, starting with the health crisis, then the crisis caused by the economic lockdown that affected the supply chain, followed by the energy crisis in Europe, culminating in the crisis triggered by the war in Ukraine. This whole spiral of crises caused an inflationary shock that manifested itself strongly in all sectors of the national economy both in terms of prices for electricity, natural gas, fuels, industrial raw materials causing price increases and bottlenecks in production chains. We are also witnessing a significant increase in financing costs. These consequences slow down the pace of economic activities.

The current economic context is dominated by significant uncertainties, and there is no possibility to make accurate forecasts for the coming period.

Although we have gone through a special period that the economic environment has not experienced before, the company has paid increased attention to the activity and has acted with prudence and responsibility in the managerial act.

Currently the most worrying phenomenon is the increase in inflation, which causes a decrease in demand in the building materials market, due to the decrease in purchasing power and the orientation of consumers towards existing products.

Under these conditions, on 30 September 2023, compared to the same period in 2022, the bottleneck in the building materials market caused by the decrease in consumer purchasing power will continue. As for the market of reinforced and prestressed concrete precast products, electrical poles, highway elements, prefabricated parts for hypermarkets or supermarkets, beams for road bridges, the cause is the lack of large projects for national infrastructure and skilled labour, the market remaining at a low level due to financial bottlenecks in national investment. Although investments from

European funds are vital for the Romanian economy, their absorption is below the optimal level. The implementation of the PNRR and the absorption of European funds should be a major objective for Romania.

The economic climate is still characterized by excessive and changing taxation, with the risk of increasing taxes and duties to finance public spending, cumbersome legislation, excessive bureaucracy in obtaining the necessary permits and authorizations for operation, currency risk with influence on the price of some raw materials and materials.

The turnover recorded on 30.09.2023 is increasing by 22.67 % compared to that recorded on 30.09.2022, the appreciation of this indicator being due to the increase in sales prices on inflationary background.

The operating result recorded a depreciation on 30.09.2023 by 73.99%, compared to that recorded on 30.09.2022, the decrease being due to the current economic context of reduction of activity.

The financial result recorded on 30.09.2023 is in the amount of -1.526.266 lei, compared to -1.114.115 lei recorded in the same period of 2022, as a result of the increase in the cost of financing and without increasing the exposure to financial institutions.

The value of fixed assets decreased by 0.66 %, from 202.064.783 lei (31.12.2022) to 200.740.957 lei (30.09.2023), decrease due to depreciation of land and buildings, technical installations and machinery, other installations, equipment and furniture.

The value of current assets and other assets increased by 3.19 %, from 52,941,801 lei (31.12.2022) to 54,632,194 lei (30.09.2023), while net current assets depreciated, recording a value of 20,276,291 lei compared to 23,057,366 lei recorded on 31.12.2022.

Total debts increased by 13.99%, from 34,166,708 lei (31.12.2022) to 38,949,141 lei (30.09.2023), mainly due to inflation, which caused the increase in supply prices and labour costs.

As of 30.09.2023, total revenues amounted to 94,278,509 lei, representing 132.18% of the revenues realized in the same period of 2022 and total expenses amounted to 93,204,027 lei, representing 149.27% of the expenses realized in the same period of 2022. The gross result under these conditions is 1,074,482 lei.

During 2023 there were no significant mergers or reorganisations of the company and no major assets of the company were disposed of.

2. Analysis of company activity

2.1. Present and analyse all events or uncertainty factors that affect or could affect the liquidity of the company, compared to the same period last year.

During 2023, there were various risks, but these were foreseeable and managed appropriately by the company's management, a situation that did not result in substantial additional costs.

The company is exposed to the following risks:

- Credit risk;
- Liquidity risk;
- Market risk;
- Currency risk;
- Operational risk;
- Balancing cost risk;
- Taxation risk.
- Risks related to forecasting and war

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Company will incur a financial loss as a result of a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument failing to meet its contractual obligations, and this risk arises mainly from trade receivables.

The Company's exposure to credit risk is mainly influenced by the individual characteristics of each client and the country in which it operates. Most of the Company's clients operate in Romania.

The main financial instruments used by the company from which financial instrument risks arise are:

- Trade and other receivables;
- Cash and cash equivalents;
- Investments in unquoted affiliated entities, classified under IAS 39 in "available-for-sale financial assets";
- Trade and other debts;

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations associated with debts that are settled in cash or by transferring another financial asset. The Company's approach to liquidity risk is to ensure, so far as practicable, that it holds at all times sufficient cash to meet liabilities when they fall due, both under normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or jeopardising the Company's reputation.

The company has committed long-term loans.

To counter this risk factor, the company has implemented restrictive policies for the delivery of products to uncertain customers. An important role has been played by the company's policy of requiring, in certain cases, payment in advance for products delivered and a careful selection of new customers, based on their creditworthiness and financial discipline. Guarantees were requested in the case of delivery contracts and an attempt was made to reduce the number of days set by contract for payment of receivables by the company's customers. Mortgage guarantee contracts have been extended in favour of banks with which we have open credit lines and bank letters of guarantee so that we can honour our obligations in the event of cash shortages.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as exchange rates, interest rates and reduced market demand will affect the Company's revenues.

Market risk - the instability of the market for building materials, characterized by a significant drop in demand, a risk that is addressed through market research and marketing policies. Risk of price volatility for electricity, methane gas, metals, diesel, addressed by finding new suppliers or renegotiating contracts with traditional suppliers.

Exposure to interest rate risk

The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in interest rates relates mainly to the Company's long-term floating rate loans.

Interest rate risk management

In order to manage interest rate risk, the Company's debts are analysed in terms of fixed and variable debt rates, currencies and maturities.

Currency risk

The company has transactions in a currency other than the functional currency (RON). Transactions made in foreign currency are converted into lei at the exchange rate valid on the transaction date. The risk of exchange rate fluctuations was generally prevented by adequate management in the economic crisis.

Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect losses arising from a wide range of causes associated with the Company's processes, people, technology and infrastructure, as well as from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risk, such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of organisational behaviour. The Company is also exposed to catastrophe risk. In these circumstances the company has acted to take out disaster insurance policies to protect the company's assets.

Operational risks arise from all the Company's operations. Primary responsibility for developing and implementing operational risk controls rests with the entity's management. This responsibility is supported by the development of the Company's generated operational risk management standards in the following areas:

- Separation of responsibilities requirements;
- Alignment with regulatory and legal requirements;
- Documentation of controls and procedures;
- Requirements for periodic analysis of the operational risk to which the Company is exposed and the adequacy of controls and procedures to prevent identified risks;
- Requirements for reporting operational losses and proposals for remedying the causes of these losses;
- Developing business continuity plans;
- Professional development and training;
- Setting ethical standards;
- Litigation risk prevention, including insurance where applicable;
- Risk mitigation, including efficient use of insurance where appropriate.

Balancing cost risk

This risk is specific to the electricity generation and sales business and is generated by possible unrealistic forecasts of hourly electricity delivery quantities and volumes which may impact the financial situation through additional balancing costs. This risk is considered to be reduced as a result of the forecasting activity carried out by the special department within the entity.

Taxation risk

Since January 1, 2007, as a result of Romania's accession to the European Union, the Company has had to comply with the European Union regulations and consequently has prepared itself for the application of the changes brought by the European legislation.

The company has implemented these changes, but the implementation remains open to tax audit for 5 years and even 7 years from the 2009 financial year.

The interpretation of the texts and the practical implementation of the procedures of the new applicable tax regulations harmonised with the European legislation may vary from entity to entity, and there is a risk that in certain situations the tax authorities may adopt a different position from that of the Company.

The Company may continue to be subject to tax audits as new tax regulations are issued.

Risks related to forecasting and war

In February 2022, global geopolitical tensions escalated significantly following the Russian Federation's military interventions in Ukraine. As a result of these escalations, economic uncertainties in the energy and capital markets have increased, with global energy prices expected to be highly volatile for the foreseeable future. At the date of this report, management cannot reliably estimate the effects on the Company's financial prospects and cannot exclude negative consequences for its business, operations and financial condition. Management believes that it is taking all necessary steps to support the sustainability and growth of the Company's business in the current circumstances and that the business judgements in these financial statements remain appropriate.

If the situation of the armed conflict in Ukraine, and more recently the conflict in the Middle East, escalates, there is a risk of partial or total shutdown of activity, galloping inflation, reduction of trade and investment, increase in taxation and bank interest rates, material destruction and loss of human life.

Risks related to the economic activity forecast depend on the evolution of the armed conflict, as analysts talk of a new economic recession next year.

2.2. Specify and analyse the effects of all current and anticipated capital expenditure on the company compared to the same period last year.

The investments made are in accordance with the Investment Program for 2023, consisting in the purchase of machinery and continuing the automation of technological processes, aspects that will increase the productivity of work, the economic result of the company and improve the working microclimate.

Investments in 2023 are made from own and borrowed sources.

2.3. Specify and analyse the economic changes that significantly affect income from core business.

Among the factors that have had a negative influence on the company's results, we list:

- the war in Ukraine, the instability in the East;
- energy crisis and rising gas and electricity prices;
- the rise in fuel prices, due to instability in the East;
- rising inflation;
- rising prices for raw materials and fuel;
- increase in bank interest rates;
- increasing macroeconomic imbalances, with negative implications for the market:
- the penetration on the domestic market of products similar to those of the imported company (fibre-brick tubes);
- inconsistency in the legislative field;
- Excessive bureaucracy in obtaining the necessary permits and authorizations for operation.
- excessive and changing taxation;
- pandemic caused by the new coronavirus;

2.4. Changes affecting the share capital and management of the company.

This is not the case

- 3.1. Describe any instance in which the company was unable to meet its financial obligations during the period in question. Not applicable.
- 3.2. Description of any changes in the rights of holders of securities issued by the company. Not applicable.

4. Significant transactions

In the case of issuers of shares, information on major transactions entered into by the issuer with persons with whom it acts in concert or in which such persons have been involved during the relevant time period. Not applicable.

Chairman of the Board of Directors, Eng. Milut Petre Marian Economic Director, Ec. Boitan Daniela

Press Release - Quarterly Report - Third Quarter of 2023

Report date: 01.11.2023 Company name: PREFAB SA

Head Office: Bucuresti, Dr. Iacob Felix, nr. 17-19, et. 2, sector 1

Operating office: Calarasi, Bucuresti str., nr. 396. **Phone/fax number:** 021-3315116 / 021-3305980

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Commercial register number: J40/9212/2003

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Standard category

Subscribed and paid-up share capital: 24.266.709,5 lei

Main characteristics of the issued securities: the company has issued a total of 48,533,419

registered shares with a nominal value of 0.5 lei each, dematerialized.

Accounting standard applied: International Financial Reporting Standards

In the first quarter of 2023 the national economy continues to face multiple challenges related to stability and predictability that are amplified by very high inflation but also by problems related to the economic implications of the armed conflict at the border, caused by Russia's invasion of Ukraine on 24 February 2022, which triggered a war in Europe threatening the entire world order.

Since 2020 the economy has faced numerous crises, starting with the health crisis, then the crisis caused by the economic lockdown that affected the supply chain, followed by the energy crisis in Europe, culminating in the crisis triggered by the war in Ukraine. This whole spiral of crises caused an inflationary shock that manifested itself strongly in all sectors of the national economy in terms of prices for electricity, natural gas, fuels, industrial raw materials causing price increases and blockages in the production chains. We are also witnessing a significant increase in financing costs. These consequences slow down the pace of economic activities.

The current economic context is dominated by significant uncertainties, and there is no possibility to make accurate forecasts for the coming period.

Although we have gone through a period of economic uncertainty, the company has paid close attention to its activities and has acted prudently and responsibly in its management.

At present, the most worrying phenomenon is the increase in inflation, which is causing a decrease in demand in the building materials market, due to the decrease in purchasing power and the orientation of consumers towards existing products.

Under these conditions, on 30 September 2023 compared to the same period in 2022, the bottleneck in the building materials market caused by the decrease in consumer purchasing power will continue. As for the market of precast reinforced and prestressed concrete products, electric poles, highway elements, prefabricated parts for hypermarkets or supermarkets, beams for road bridges, the cause is the lack of large projects for the national infrastructure and skilled labor, the market remaining at a low level due to financial bottlenecks in the national investment field. Although investments from European funds are vital for the Romanian economy, their absorption is below the optimal level. The implementation of the PNRR and the absorption of European funds should be a major objective for Romania.

The economic climate is still characterized by excessive and changing taxation, with the risk of increasing taxes and duties to finance public spending, cumbersome legislation, excessive

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The value of fixed assets decreased by 0.66%, from 202.064.783 lei (31.12.2022) to 200.740.957 lei (30.09.2023), decrease due to depreciation of land and buildings, technical installations and machinery, other installations, equipment and furniture.

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Total liabilities increased by 13.99%, from 34,166,708 lei (31.12.2022) to 38,949,141 lei (30.09.2023), mainly due to inflation, which led to an increase in supply prices and labour costs.

As at 30.09.2023, total income of 94,278,509 lei was realised, representing 132.18% of the income realised in the same period of 2022 and total expenditure of 93,204,027 lei, representing 149.27% of the expenditure realised in the same period of 2022. The gross result under these conditions is 1.074.482 lei.

Indicators (lei)	31.12.2022	30.09.2023	Variation
Fixed assets	202.064.783	200.740.957	-0.66%
Current and other assets	52.941.801	54.632.194	+3.19%
Total debts	34.166.708	38.949.141	+13.99%
Equity and other liabilities	220.839.876	216.424.010	-1.99%
Indicators (lei)	30.09.2022	30.09.2023	Variation
Net turnover	72.932.612	89.469.682	+22.67%
Other operating income	(1.733.117)	4.670.223	+369.46%
Operating expenses	61.199.860	91.539.157	+49.57%
Operating result	9.999.635	2.600.748	-73.99%
Depreciation	7.086.819	7.311.776	+3.17%
EBITDA	17.086.454	9.912.254	-41.99%
Financial income	124.137	138.604	+11.65%
Financial expenses	1.238.252	1.664.870	+34.45%
Financial result	(1.114.115)	(1.526.266)	+36.99 %
Total income	71.323.632	94.278.509	+32.18%
Total expenditure	62.438.112	93.204.027	+49.27 %
Gross profit	8.885.520	1.074.482	-87.91%
Net profit	7.453.094	816.072	-89.05%

Third quarter report 2023 is not audited.

To view the full report presenting the Company's activity for the period January-September 2023 please consult the company's website and the link below.

Milut Petre Marian General Director

COUNTY: BUCHAREST	FORM OF OWNERSHIP: JOINT STOCK
	COMPANY
LEGAL ENTITY: PREFAB S.A.	MAIN ACTIVITY
ADDRESS: STR. DR. IACOB FELIX, NR. 17-19, SECTOR 1,	(CAEN group name): MANUFACTURING OF
BUCHAREST	CONCRETE BUILDING PARTS
PHONE: 0242/311.715	CAEN GROUP CODE: 2361
TRADE REGISTER NUMBER: 40/9212/04.07.2003	UNIQUE TAX REGISTRATION CODE: 1916198

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND EQUITY On 30.09.2023

RON

			Balance on:	
		Row	1 January	30 September
	Item name	no.	2023	2023
	A	В	1	2
A.	FIXED ASSETS			
	I. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
	1. Development expenditure	01	0	0
	2. Concessions, patents, licences, trademarks, similar			
	rights and assets and other intangible assets	02	26.971	9.343
	3. Goodwill	03	0	0
	4. Advances	04	0	0
	5. Intangible assets for mining and evaluation of mineral			
	resources	05	0	
	TOTAL	06	26.971	9.343
	II. TANGIBLE IMMOBILISATIONS			
	1. Land and buildings			
		07	147.119.782	145.672.915
	2. Technical installations and machinery	80	50.453.270	48.417.188
	3. Other plant, machinery and furniture	09	28.855	36.674
	4. Real estate investments	10	0	0
	5. Tangible fixed assets in course of construction	11	1.277.585	2.368.777
	6. Real estate investments in progress	12	0	0
	7. Tangible assets for exploitation and evaluation of			
	mineral resources	13	0	0
	8. Productive plants	14	0	0
	9. Advances	15	3.002.221	4.080.737
	TOTAL	16	201.881.713	200.576.291
	III. Productive biological assets	17	6.049	5.273
	IV. Rights of use of leased assets	18	0	0.2.0
	V. FINANCIAL FIXED ASSETS			
	Shares held in subsidiaries	19	149.850	149.850
	Loans granted to group entities	20	0	0
	Shares held in associates and jointly controlled entities	21	0	0
	Loans granted to associates and jointly controlled	21	<u> </u>	0
	entities	22	0	0
	5. Other fixed assets	23	200	200
	6. Other loans	24	0	0
	TOTAL	25	150.050	150.050
	TOTAL		100.000	100.000
1	FIXED ASSETS - TOTAL	21	202.064.783	200.740.957
	TIMED AGGETO TOTAL		202.004.700	200.1 40.001
B.	CURRENT ASSET			
- -	I. STOCKS			
1	Raw materials and consumables	27	6.959.120	7.825.118
1	Assets held for sale	28	0.000.120	0
1	3. Production in progress	29	336.710	981.377
	Finished products and goods	30	14.776.936	14.367.435
1	5.Advances	31	456.240	656.884
	0.7 (4.7411000	O I	700.270	550.00

			Balance on:	
	Item name	Row no.	1 January 2023	30 September 2023
	Α	В	1	2
	TOTAL	32	22.529.006	23.830.814
	II. RECEIVABLES			
	1. Commercial creditor	33	28.179.018	
	2. Advances paid	34	37.851	65.674
	3. Amounts receivable from group entities	35	0	0
	4. Amounts receivable from jointly controlled entities	36	0	0
	5. Claims arising from derivative transactions	37	0	0
	6. Other claims	38	307.532	396.335
	7. Subscribed and paid-up capital	39	0	0
	8.Dividend receivables distributed during the financial			
	year	40		22 -24 422
	TOTAL	41	28.524.401	29.564.186
	III. SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS	42	0	0
	N/ OAGU AND DANK AGGOUNTO	40	4 507 404	200 500
	IV. CASH AND BANK ACCOUNTS	43	1.507.104	
	CURRENT ASSETS - TOTAL	44	52.560.511	54.027.520
	DDEDAID EVDENICES	45	204 200	CO4 C74
C.	PREPAID EXPENSES	45	381.290	604.674
	Amounts to be taken back within a period of up to one	46	381.290	604.674
	year Amounts to be taken back in more than one year	47	361.290	004.074
	Amounts to be taken back in more than one year	47	0	0
D.	DEBTS: AMOUNTS TO BE PAID WITHIN A PERIOD OF UP TO ONE YEAR			
	Borrowings from bond issues	48	0	0
	2. Amounts due to credit institutions	49	22.806.559	17.642.210
	3. Advances received on orders	50	440.122	2.909.509
	4. Trade debts - suppliers	51	4.303.348	7.689.907
	5. Paying bills	52	0	0
	6. Amounts due to entities without group	53	0	0
	7. Amounts due to associated entities and jointly			
	controlled entities	54	0	0
	8. Liabilities arising from derivative transactions	55		
	9. Other liabilities, including tax and social security			
	liabilities	56	1.829.611	
	TOTAL	57	29.379.640	33.851.108
E.	NET CURRENT ASSETS/ NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			
		58	23.057.366	20.276.291
F.	TOTAL ASSETS MINUS CURRENT LIABILITIES	59	225.122.149	221.017.248
-	TOTAL AGGETO MINOG CONNENT LIABILITIES	33	223.122.149	221.017.240
G.	DEBTS: AMOUNTS TO BE PAID IN MORE THAN ONE YEAR			
	1. Borrowings from bond issues	60	0	0
	Amounts due to credit institutions	61	4.328.188	
	Advances received on orders	62	0	0
	Trade debts - suppliers	63	0	
i	5. Paying bills	64	0	0

			Balance on:	
		Row	1 January	30 September
	Item name	no.	2023	2023
	A	В	1	2
	6. Amounts due to entities without group	65	0	0
	7. Amounts due to associated entities and jointly			
	controlled entities	66	0	0
	8. Liabilities arising from derivative transactions	67		
	9. Other liabilities, including tax and social security			
	liabilities	68	458.880	
	TOTAL	69	4.787.068	5.098.033
	PDO///OIONO			
H.	PROVISIONS	70	0	
	Provisions for employee benefits	70	0	0
	2. Other provisions	71	0	0
	TOTAL	72	0	0
	DDEDAID INCOME			
I.	PREPAID INCOME	70	0.500.740	0.400.440
	1. Investment grants	73	3.508.712	
	Amounts to be taken back in up to one year	74	504.795	
	Amounts to be taken back in more than one year	75	3.003.917	2.625.321
	2. Prepaid income, of which	76	0	0
	Amounts to be taken back in up to one year	77	0	0
	Amounts to be taken back in more than one year	78	0	0
	3. Prepaid income on assets transferred from customers,			
	of which	79	0	0
	Amounts to be taken back in up to one year	80		
	Amounts to be taken back in more than one year	81		
	TOTAL	82	3.508.712	3.130.116
	OARITAL AND RECEDITED			
J.	CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
	I. CAPITAL	00	04 000 700	04.000.700
	Subscribed paid-in capital	83	24.266.709	24.266.709
	2. Unsubscribed capital	84	0	0
	3. Subscribed capital representing financial liabilities	85	0	0
	4. Assets of the autonomous entity	86	0	0
	5. Adjustments to the share capital SC	87	0	0
	SD	88	0	0
	6. Other equity items SC	89	0	0
	SD	90	458.880	
	TOTAL	91	23.807.829	23.807.829
	II CADITAL DOCMILIM	00	44.005.040	44.005.040
	II. CAPITAL PREMIUM	92	14.305.342	14.305.342
	III DEVALUATION DECEDIVES	02	447 470 004	447 470 004
	III. REVALUATION RESERVES	93	117.173.624	117.173.624
	IV. RESERVES	1		
	1. Legal reserves	94	6.023.988	6.023.988
				0.023.966
	Statutory or contractual reserves Other reserves	95 96	30 161 410	/1 614 064
	TOTAL	96	39.161.410	41.614.864 47.638.852
	Exchange differences on translation of individual annual	31	45.185.398	47.030.032
	financial statements into a presentation currency other			
	minanciai statements into a presentation currency other	1		l
	than the functional currency (Ralance C)	QΩ	^	Λ
	than the functional currency (Balance C)	98	0	0
	than the functional currency (Balance C) (Balance D) 5. Own actions	98 99 100	0 0 0	0 0 0

			Baland	e on:
		Row	1 January	30 September
Item name		no.	2023	2023
A		В	1	2
Losses related to equity instruments		102	0	0
V. RESULT CARRIED FORWARD WITH	Balance C	103	9.552.175	9.552.175
THE EXCEPTION OF RES REP PR	Balance D			
FROM THE FIRST-TIME ADOPTION OF				
IAS 29		104	0	0
VI. RETAINED EARNINGS FROM THE	Balance C	105	0	0
FIRST-TIME ADOPTION OF IAS 29	Balance D	106	0	0
VII. PROFIT OR LOSS AT THE END OF	Balance C			
THE REPORTING PERIOD	Dalalice C	107	7.756.629	816.072
THE REPORT OF LINES	Balance D	108	0	0
Profit sharing		109	449.833	0
EQUITY - TOTAL		110	217.331.164	213.293.894
Private wealth		111	_	213.233.034
			0	0
Public Heritage		112	0	0
CAPITAL - TOTAL		113	217.331.164	213.293.894

Administrator,

Full name MILUT PETRE MARIAN

Signature Unit stamp Prepared by,

Full name: BOITAN DANIELA Quality: Economic Director

Signature

	STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDIT	URE			
				Financi	ial year
	Name of indicators		Row no.	30.09.2022	30.09.2023
	<u>A</u>		В	1	2
1.	Net turnover (acct. 02+03-04+05+06)		01	72.932.612	89.469.682
	Production sold (acct. 701+702+703+704+705+706+708)		02 03	73.850.323	91.278.402
	Proceeds from the sale of goods (acct. 707) Trade discounts granted (acct. 709)		03	24.538 942.249	298.404 2.107.124
	Income from operating subsidies on net turnover (acct.741	1)	05	942.249	2.107.124
	income from operating subsidies on her turnover (acce.7+1))	00	0	0
2.	Income relating to costs of stocks of products	Balance C	06	0	1.461.586
	(acct.711+712)	Balance D	07	2.223.465	0
3.	Income from the production of real estate and investment p		80	0	1.962.813
4.	Income from the production of tangible and intangible fixed (acct. 721+ 722)	assets	09	0	1.962.813
5.	Income from real estate investment production		10	0	0
6.	Income from fixed assets held for sale		11	0	0
7.	Income from the revaluation of fixed assets		12	0	0
8.	Income from real estate investments		13	0	0
9.	Income from biological assets and agricultural products		14	0	0
10.	Income from operating subsidies		15	0	0
11.	Other operating revenue (acct.758+7417+7815) of which		16	490.348	1.245.824
12.	- Income from investment grants		17	378.596	378.596
13.	- Earnings from bargain purchases		18	0	0
	OPERATING INCOME - TOTAL		19	71.199.495	94.139.905
14	a) Expenditure on raw materials and consumables (acct.60	1+602-7412)			
			20	23.603.778	37.272.611
	Other material expenditure (acct.603+604+606+608)		21	1.542.298	1.623.581
	b) Other external expenditure (energy and water)(acct.605-7	7413)	22	13.440.426	18.287.904
	c) Expenditure on goods (acct.607)		23	16.849	223.281
	Trade discounts received (acct. 609)		24	302.292	188.567
15	Staff expenditure, of which:		25	10.538.293	18.826.496
	a) Wages and allowances (acct.641+642+643+644-7414)		26	10.255.183	18.399.262
	b) Insurance and social protection expenditure (acct.645-74	15)	27	283.110	427.234
16.	a) Value adjustments on tangible and intangible fixed asset	S	28	7.086.819	7.311.776
	a.1) Expenditure (acct.6811+6813)		29	7.086.819	7.311.776
	a.2) Expenditure on assets and rights to use leased assets		30	0	0
	a. 3) Revenue (acct.7813)		31	0	0
	b) Value adjustments on current assets		32	0	0
	b.1) Expenditure (acct.654+6814)		33	0	0
	b.2) Revenue (acct.754+7814)		34	0	0
17.	Other operating expenditure		35	5.273.689	8.182.075
	1. Expenditure on external services (acct. 611+612+613+614+621+622+623+624+625+626+627+62	8-7416)	36	4.371.082	6.833.319
			37	869.847	1.101.695
	12 Expenditure on other taxes, duties and similar charges (a	ייבים ובו			1.101.030
	2. Expenditure on other taxes, duties and similar charges (a	acci. 635)			
	Expenditure on other taxes, duties and similar charges (a 3.Environmental protection expenditure Expenditure related to fixed assets held for sale	(CCL 035)	38	0	0

	(all amounts are expressed in new let (RON))			
	STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE			
			Finançi	ial year
	Name of indicators	Row no.	30.09.2022	30.09.2023
	A	В	1	2
	6. Expenditure on real estate investments	41	0	0
	7. Expenditure on biological assets	42	0	0
	8. Expenditure on disasters and other similar events	43	•	0 247.064
	9 Other expenditure	44 45	32.760	247.061
	Adjustments to provisions - Expenditure (acct.6812)	46	0	0
	- Revenue (acct.0612)	47	0	<u>0</u>
	OPERATING EXPENDITURE - TOTAL	47	U	0
	OPERATING EXPENDITURE - TOTAL	48	61.199.860	91.539.157
	OPERATING PROFIT OR LOSS		0	0
	- Profit	49	9.999.635	2.600.748
	- Losing	50	0	0
F		 		
18.	Income from shares held in subsidiaries	51	0	0
19.	Income from shares held in associates	52	0	0
20.	Income from shares held in associates and jointly controlled entities	53	0	0
21	Income from securities and other derivatives transactions	54	0	0
22	Income from derivative transactions	55	0	0
23.	Income from exchange rate differences	56	49.750	138.542
24.	Interest income (acct.766*)	57	758	12
0.5	- of which, income from group entities	58	0	0
25	Income from operating subsidies for interest due	59	0	0
26	Income from short-term financial investments	60	70,000	0
27	Other financial income	61	73.629	50
28	FINANCIAL INCOME - TOTAL	62	124.137	138.604
29	Value adjustments on financial fixed assets and investments held	63		
	as current assets		0	0
	- Expenditure (acct.686)	64	0	0
	- Revenue (acct.786)	65	0	0
30	Expenditure on transactions in securities and financial instruments	66	0	0
31	Expenditure on derivative transactions	67	0	0
32	Interest expenditure (acct.666*-7418)	68	1.156.352	1.479.682
	- of which, expenses in relation to group entities	69	0	0
33	Ch on interest on leasing contracts	70	0	0
34	Other financial charges (acct.663+664+665+667+668)	71	81.900	185.188
35	FINANCIAL EXPENDITURE - TOTAL	72	1.238.252	1.664.870
36	FINANCIAL PROFIT OR LOSS:			
	- Profit	73	0	0
	- Loss	74	1.114.115	1.526.266
37	TOTAL REVENUE	75	71.323.632	94.278.509
38	TOTAL EXPENDITURE	76	62.438.112	93.204.027
00	I VIVE EVI EIGHTOILE	, ,	02.700.112	JU.207.021

(all amounts are expressed in new lei ("RON"))

	STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE			
			Finanç	ial year
	Name of indicators	Row no.	30.09.2022	30.09.2023
	A	В	1	2
	GROSS PROFIT OR LOSS:			
	- Profit	77	8.885.520	1.074.482
	- Loss	78	0	0
40	Current income tax (acct.691)	79	1.432.426	258.410
41	Delayed income tax (acct.692)	80	0	0
42	Deferred income tax revenue	81	0	0
43	Expenditure with corporate income tax, caused by uncertainties	82		_
	about tax treatments		0	0
44	Activity-specific tax	83	0	0
45	Other taxes not shown under the above items (acct. 698)	84	0	0
46.	NET PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR:			
	- Profit	85	7.453.094	816.072
	- Loss	86		

Administrator,

Full name MILUT PETRE MARIAN

Signature Unit stamp

Prepared by

Full name: BOITAN DANIELA Quality: Economic Director

Signature

(all amounts are expressed in new lei ("RON"))

INFORMATIVE DATA

I. Data on the recorded result	Row no.	No. of units	Amounts	
A	В	1		2
Units that recorded a profit:	01	0		0
Units that recorded a loss:	02	1		816.072
Units that have recorded neither profit nor loss	03	0		0
II.Data on outstanding payments:	Row no.	Total, of which	For current activity	For investment activity
A	В	1=2+3	2	3
Outstanding payments - , of which:	04	0	0	0
Outstanding suppliers - total , of which:	05	0	0	0
- over 30 days	06	0	0	0
- over 90 days	07	0	0	0
- over 1 year	08	0	0	0
Outstanding social security liabilities - total, of which:	09	0	0	0
state social security contributions payable by employers, employees and other assimilated persons	10	0	0	0
- contributions to the social health insurance fund	11	0	0	0
- contribution for supplementary pension	12	0	0	0
- contribution to the unemployment insurance budget	13	0	0	0
- other social debts	14	0	0	0
Outstanding obligations to the budgets of special funds and other funds	15	0	0	0
Outstanding obligations to other creditors	16	0	0	0
Unpaid taxes and duties to the state budget on time	17	0	0	0
Unpaid taxes and duties to local budgets on time	18	0	0	0
Bank loans not repaid on maturity - total , of which:	19	0	0	0
- outstanding after 30 days	20	0	0	0
- outstanding after 90 days	21	0	0	0
Remaining after 1 year	22	0	0	0
Remaining interest rates	23	0	0	0

III. Average number of employees	Row no.	30.09.2022	30.09.2023	
A	В	1	2	
Average number of employees	24	249	360	
Actual number of employees	25	302	429	
IV. Interest and royalty payments	Row no.	Amounts (lei)		
A	В	1		
Gross interest income paid by Romanian legal entities to non-resident individuals, of which:	26	0		
- tax due to the state budget	27	0		
Gross interest income paid by Romanian legal entities to non-resident individuals from EU Member States, of which:	28	0		
- tax due to the state budget	29	0		
Gross interest income paid by Romanian legal entities to non-resident affiliated legal entities, of which:	30	0		
- tax due to the state budget	31			
Gross interest income paid by Romanian legal entities to non-resident legal entities from EU Member States, of which:	32	0		
- tax due to the state budget	33	0		
Gross income from dividends paid by Romanian legal entities to non-resident legal entities, of which:	34	0		
- tax due to the state budget	35	0		
Gross income from dividends paid by Romanian legal entities to non-resident legal entities, according to art.117 letter h) of Law no.571/2003 on the Fiscal Code, with subsequent amendments and additions, of which:	36	0		
- tax due to the state budget	37	0		
Gross income from royalties paid by Romanian legal entities to non-resident affiliated legal entities from EU Member States, of which:	38	0		
- tax due to the state budget	39	0		
Gross royalty income paid by Romanian legal entities to non-resident legal entities, of which	40	0		
- tax due to the state budget	41	0		
Royalties paid during the reporting period for public goods received under concession, of which:	42	780	0	
-receivables for public property paid to the state budget	43	780	0	
Mining royalty paid	44	0		

Financial fixed assets, gross of which:	66	150.050	150.050		
Advances for tangible fixed assets	65	4.616.972	4.080.737		
Advances granted for intangible assets	64				
Α	В	1	2		
VIII. OTHER INFORMATION	Row no.	30.09.2022	30.09.2023		
period	სა		0		
 innovation expenditure being finalised during the period innovation expenditure abandoned during the 	62	0	0		
- innovation expenditure completed during the period	61	0	0		
Innovation expenditure - tota, of which:	60	0	0		
VII. Innovation expenditure:	Row no.	30.09.2022	30.09.2023		
- from private funds	59	0	0		
- from public funds	58	0	0		
R&D expenditure, of which:	57	0	0		
A	В	1	2		
VI. Research and development expenditure, of which:	Row no.	30.09.2022	30.09.2023		
Reimbursement of meal vouchers granted to employees	56				
А	В	1			
V. Meal voucher	Row no.	Amounts (lei)			
-Overdue receivables from private sector entities	55	0			
-Outstanding receivables from majority or wholly state-owned sector entities	54		0		
collected within the deadlines stipulated in the commercial contracts and/or in the regulations in force, of which:					
Outstanding receivables, which have not been	53		0		
-subsidies to stimulate employment	52		0		
related to assets -revenue-related subsidies, of which:	51		0		
which: -subsidies received during the reporting period, of which:	50		0		
Subsidies received during the reporting period, of	49	0			
entities to non-resident persons from EU Member States, of which: - tax due to the state budget	48		0		
Gross income from services paid by Romanian legal	47	0			
persons to non-resident persons, of which: - tax due to the state budget	46		0		
Gross income from services paid by Romanian legal	45		0		

currency, of which	30	1.410.430	023.134
- in foreign currency (acct. 5314) Current accounts with banks in lei and foreign	95 96	0 1.410.456	0 629.754
- in lei (acct. 5311)	94	187	2.766
Cash in lei and in foreign currency , of which	93	187	2.766
Other receivables (acct. 5113 + 5114)	92	0	0
- bonds issued by non-residents	91	0	0
- shares issued by non-residents	90	0	0
 shares issued by resident collective investment undertakings (including SIFs) 	89	0	0
- bonds issued by residents	88	0	0
- shares issued by residents	87	0	0
- unquoted shares issued by residents	86	0	0
Gross short-term investments (acct. 501 + 505 + 506 + of acct. 508), of which - listed shares issued by residents	84 85	0	C
Interest receivable (acct. 5187)	83	0	0
Other claims (acct. 451 + 453 + 456 + 4582 + 461 + 471 + 473)	82	10.738	71.386
Claims of the entity in relations with affiliated entities (acct .451)	81	0	0
Claims relating to the social security budget and the state budget (acct. 431 + 437 +4382 + 441 + 4424 + 4428 + 444 + 445 + 446 + 447 + 4482)	80	293.699	324.949
Claims in respect of staff and similar accounts (acct. 425 + 4282)	79	0	0
Trade receivables, advances to suppliers and other similar accounts, in amounts gross (acct. 409+ 411 + 413 + 418)	78	33.306.299	29.299.034
the exchange rate of a currency (from acct. 267) - fixed foreign currency claims (from acct. 267)	77		
- claims immobilized in lei and expressed in lei, whose settlement is made according to	76	203	203
Non-current assets, gross of which:	75	203	203
- bonds issued by non-residents	74	0	0
- shares issued by non-residents	73	0	0
- shares issued by collective investment undertakings (including SIFs) issued by residents	72	0	0
- bonds issued by residents	71	0	С
- shares issued by residents	70	0	С
- unquoted shares issued by residents	69	150.050	150.050
- listed shares issued by residents	68	130.030	130.030
Shares held in affiliated entities, participating interests, other fixed assets and long-term bonds, gross of which:	67	150.050	150.050

(all amounts are expressed in new lei ("RON")) - in lei (acct. 5121)	97	1.396.746	628.897
- in foreign currency (acct. 5124)	31	1.590.740	020.091
in foreign duriency (door. 0124)	98	13.710	857
Other current accounts with banks and letters of credit, of which	99	0	0
- amounts pending settlement, letters of credit and other receivables, in lei (acct. 5112 + 5125 + 5411)	100	0	0
- amounts in course of settlement and letters of credit in foreign currency (acct. 5125 + 5412)	101	0	0
Debts, of which:	102	41.898.229	38.949.140
- Gross borrowings from bond issues and related interest (acct. 161 + 1681)	103	0	0
- in lei	104	0	0
- in foreign currency	105	0	0
- Short-term domestic bank loans and related interest (acct. 5191 + 5192 + 5197 + of acct. 5198), of which	106	17.433.887	17.642.210
- in lei	107	17.433.887	17.642.210
- in foreign currency	108	0	0
-Short-term external bank loans and related interest (acct. 5193 + 5194 + 5195 + of 5198), of which	109	0	0
- in lei	110	0	0
- in foreign currency	111	0	0
- Long-term bank loans and related interest (acct. 1621 + 1622 + 1627) + from acct. 1682) of which	112	4.155.887	4.639.153
- in lei	113	4.155.887	4.639.153
- in foreign currency	114	0	0
- Long-term external loans (acct. 1623 + 1624 + 1625 + of acct. 1682) (88+89)	115	0	0
- in lei	116	0	0
- in foreign currency	117	0	0
- Appropriations from the State Treasury (acct. 1626 + from acct. 1682)	118	0	0
- Other loans and related interest (acct. 166 + 167 + 1685 + 1686 + 1687)	119	0	0
- in lei and expressed in lei, the settlement of which is made according to the exchange rate a currency	120	0	0
- in foreign currency	121	0	0
- Trade payables, advances received from customers and other similar accounts, in gross amount (acct. 401 + 403 + 404 + 405 + 408 + 419)	122	11.115.763	10.599.417
- Liabilities in respect of staff and similar accounts (acct. 421 + 423 + 424 + 426) + 427 + 4281)	123	1.065.654	1.618.290

(all amounts are expressed in new lei ("RON"))

- Liabilities to the social security budget and the state budget (acct. 431 + 437 + 4381 + 441 + 4423 + 4428 + 444 + 446 + 447 + 4481)	124	2.161.563	1.475.874
- Liabilities of the entity towards affiliated entities (acct.451)	125	0	0
- Amounts due to shareholders/associates (acct. 455)	126	0	0
- Other liabilities (acct. 451 + 453 + 455 + 456 + 457 + 4581 + 462 + 472 + 473 + 269 + 509)	127	5.965.475	2.974.197
- Interest payable (acct. 5186)	128	0	0
Paid-up subscribed capital (acct. 1012) of which,	129	24.266.709	24.266.709
- listed shares	130	24.266.709	24.266.709
- unquoted shares	131		
- social shares	132		
- non-residents' paid-up subscribed capital (acct. 1012)	133		
Patents and licences (from acct. 202)	134		
IX.Information on expenses with collaborators	Row	30.09.2022	30.09.2023
-	no.		
A	В	2	2
Expenditure on collaborators (acct. 621)	135	0	0

Administrator,

Full name MILUT PETRE MARIAN

Signature Unit stamp Prepared by

Full name: BOITAN DANIELA Quality: Economic Director

Signature

Statement of the Board of Directors of PREFAB S.A.

The Board of Directors of PREFAB S.A. hereby declares that it assumes responsibility for the preparation of the Financial Statements prepared as at 30 September 2023.

The Board of Directors of PREFAB S.A. confirms the following with regard to the Financial Statements as at 30 September 2023:

- a) The Financial Statements as at 30 September 2023 are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union.
- b) The accounting policies used in the preparation of the Financial Statements as at 30 September 2023 are in accordance with applicable accounting regulations.
- c) The Financial Statements as at 30 September 2023 give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and other information relating to the business.
 - d) The Company carries on its business on a going concern basis.

This statement is in accordance with the provisions of art. 30 of the Accounting Law no. 82/1991 republished.

Chairman of the Board of Directors,

Eng. Milut Petre Marian

STATUS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY for the 9-month period just ended on 30.09.2023

	Share capital	Adjustment s to share capital (acct. 1028)	Other equity items (acct. 1034)	Capital premium	Own shares	Reserves	Retained earnings and current result	Total
01 January 2023	24.266.709	0	(458.880)	14.305.342	0	162.359.022	16.858.971	217.331.164
Current overall result							816.072	816.072
Legal reserve allocations						0	0	0
Allocations to other						2.453.454	(2.453.454)	0
reserves Dividend distribution						0	(4.853.342)	(4.853.342)
Increase in reserve from revaluation of fixed assets						0		0
Transfer of revaluation reserve to retained								0
earnings 30 September 2023	24.266.709	0	(458.880)	14.305.342	0	164.812.476	10.368.247	213.293.894

Chairman of the Board of Directors, Eng. Milut Petre Marian Economic Director, Ec. Boitan Daniela

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Indirect method

The element's name	30.09.2022	30.09.2023
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash nows from operating activities.	7.453.094	816.072
Net profit before tax		
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation and value adjustments related to tangible and intangible assets	7.086.819	7.311.776
Value adjustments reversed during the year		
Subsidies - variation	-378.596	-378.596
Interest expenses and other financial expenses	1.238.252	1.664.870
Interest income and other financial income	-124.137	-138.604
Loss/ (profit) from the sale of tangible assets		
Profit tax paid	1.432.426	258.410
Operating profit before changes in working capital		
Decrease/increase of commercial and other receivables	-1.928.652	-1.039.785
Decrease/increase of stocks	1.433.632	-1.301.808
Decrease/increase of commercial and other debts		
	-14.274.615	1.803.085
Net cash from operating activities	1.938.223	8.995.420
Cash flows from investment activities		
Payments for the acquisition of tangible and intangible	-197.762	-3.990.354
assets		
Proceeds from the sale of tangible and intangible assets		
Interest received	124.137	138.604
Net cash from investment activities	72 (25	2 951 750
Cash flows from financing activities Loans received	-73.625 49.801.949	-3.851.750 48.150.982
Loan repayments	49.533.860	-53.004.367
Interest paid	-1.238.252	-1.164.870
Net cash flow from financing activities	-970.163	-6.018.254
Net increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents	894.435	-874.584
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the	516.208	1.507.104
period		
Cash and cash equivalents	1.410.643	632.520

Chairman of the Board of Directors, **Eng. Milut Petre Marian**

Economic manager, **Ec. Boitan Daniela**

EXPLANATORY NOTES to the individual interim financial statements as at 30.09,2023

In the year 2023, the national economy continues to face multiple challenges related to stability and predictability that are amplified by very high inflation and by the problems related to the economic implications of the armed conflict at the border, caused by the invasion of Ukraine by Russia on February 24, 2022, which triggered a war in Europe threatening the entire world order.

Since 2020 the economy has faced numerous crises, starting with the health crisis, then the crisis caused by the economic lockdown that affected the supply chain, followed by the energy crisis in Europe, culminating in the crisis triggered by the war in Ukraine. This whole spiral of crises caused an inflationary shock that manifested itself strongly in all sectors of the national economy both in terms of prices for electricity, natural gas, fuels, industrial raw materials causing price increases and bottlenecks in production chains. We are also witnessing a significant increase in financing costs. These consequences slow down the pace of economic activities.

The current economic context is dominated by significant uncertainties, and there is no possibility to make accurate forecasts for the coming period.

Although we have gone through a special period that the economic environment has not experienced before, the company has paid increased attention to the activity and has acted with prudence and responsibility in the managerial act.

Currently the most worrying phenomenon is the increase in inflation, which causes a decrease in demand in the building materials market, due to the decrease in purchasing power and the orientation of consumers towards existing products.

Under these conditions, on 30 September 2023, compared to the same period in 2022, the bottleneck in the building materials market caused by the decrease in consumer purchasing power will continue. As for the market of reinforced and prestressed concrete precast products, electrical poles, highway elements, prefabricated parts for hypermarkets or supermarkets, beams for road bridges, the cause is the lack of large projects for national infrastructure and skilled labour, the market remaining at a low level due to financial bottlenecks in national investment. Although investments from European funds are vital for the Romanian economy, their absorption is below the optimal level. The implementation of the PNRR and the absorption of European funds should be a major objective for Romania.

The economic climate is still characterized by excessive and changing taxation, with the risk of increasing taxes and duties to finance public spending, cumbersome legislation, excessive bureaucracy in obtaining the necessary permits and authorizations for operation, currency risk with influence on the price of some raw materials and materials.

The turnover recorded on 30.09.2023 is increasing by 22.67 % compared to that recorded on 30.09.2022, the appreciation of this indicator being due to the increase in sales prices on inflationary background.

The operating result recorded a depreciation on 30.09.2023 by 73.99%, compared to that recorded on 30.09.2022, the decrease being due to the current economic context of reduction of activity.

The financial result recorded on 30.09.2023 is in the amount of -1.526.266 lei, compared to -1.114.115 lei recorded in the same period of 2022, as a result of the increase in the cost of financing and without increasing the exposure to financial institutions.

The value of fixed assets decreased by 0.66 %, from 202.064.783 lei (31.12.2022) to 200.740.957 lei (30.09.2023), decrease due to depreciation of land and buildings, technical installations and machinery, other installations, equipment and furniture.

The value of current assets and other assets increased by 3.19 %, from 52,941,801 lei (31.12.2022) to 54,632,194 lei (30.09.2023), while net current assets depreciated, recording a value of 20,276,291 lei compared to 23,057,366 lei recorded on 31.12.2022.

Total debts increased by 13.99%, from 34,166,708 lei (31.12.2022) to 38,949,141 lei (30.09.2023), mainly due to inflation, which caused the increase in supply prices and labour costs.

As of 30.09.2023, total revenues amounted to 94,278,509 lei, representing 132.18% of the revenues realized in the same period of 2022 and total expenses amounted to 93,204,027 lei, representing 149.27% of the expenses realized in the same period of 2022. The gross result under these conditions is 1,074,482 lei.

During 2023 there were no significant mergers or reorganisations of the company and no major assets of the company were disposed of.

2. Analysis of company activity

2.1. Present and analyse all events or uncertainty factors that affect or could affect the liquidity of the company, compared to the same period last year.

During 2023, there were various risks, but these were foreseeable and managed appropriately by the company's management, a situation that did not result in substantial additional costs.

The company is exposed to the following risks:

- Credit risk;
- Liquidity risk;
- Market risk;
- Currency risk;
- Operational risk;
- Balancing cost risk;
- Taxation risk.
- Risks related to forecasting and war

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the Company will incur a financial loss as a result of a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument failing to meet its contractual obligations, and this risk arises mainly from trade receivables.

The Company's exposure to credit risk is mainly influenced by the individual characteristics of each client and the country in which it operates. Most of the Company's clients operate in Romania. The main financial instruments used by the company from which financial instrument risks arise are:

- Trade and other receivables;
- Cash and cash equivalents;
- Investments in unquoted affiliated entities, classified under IAS 39 in "available-for-sale financial assets";
- Trade and other debts;

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulties in meeting obligations associated with debts that are settled in cash or by transferring another financial asset. The Company's approach to liquidity risk is to ensure, so far as practicable, that it holds at all times sufficient cash to meet liabilities when they fall due, both under normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or jeopardising the Company's reputation.

The company has committed long-term loans.

To counter this risk factor, the company has implemented restrictive policies for the delivery of products to uncertain customers. An important role has been played by the company's policy of requiring, in certain cases, payment in advance for products delivered and a careful selection of new customers, based on their creditworthiness and financial discipline. Guarantees were requested in the case of delivery contracts and an attempt was made to reduce the number of days set by contract for payment of receivables by the company's customers. Mortgage guarantee contracts have been extended in favour of banks with which we have open credit lines and bank letters of guarantee so that we can honour our obligations in the event of cash shortages.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as exchange rates, interest rates and reduced market demand will affect the Company's revenues.

Market risk - the instability of the market for building materials, characterized by a significant drop in demand, a risk that is addressed through market research and marketing policies. Risk of price volatility for electricity, methane gas, metals, diesel, addressed by finding new suppliers or renegotiating contracts with traditional suppliers.

Exposure to interest rate risk

The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in interest rates relates mainly to the Company's long-term floating rate loans.

Interest rate risk management

In order to manage interest rate risk, the Company's debts are analysed in terms of fixed and variable debt rates, currencies and maturities.

Currency risk

The company has transactions in a currency other than the functional currency (RON).

Transactions made in foreign currency are converted into lei at the exchange rate valid on the transaction date. The risk of exchange rate fluctuations was generally prevented by adequate management in the economic crisis.

Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect losses arising from a wide range of causes associated with the Company's processes, people, technology and infrastructure, as well as from external factors other than credit, market and liquidity risk, such as those arising from legal and regulatory requirements and generally accepted standards of organisational behaviour. The Company is also exposed to catastrophe risk. In these circumstances the company has acted to take out disaster insurance policies to protect the company's assets.

Operational risks arise from all the Company's operations. Primary responsibility for developing and implementing operational risk controls rests with the entity's management. This responsibility is supported by the development of the Company's generated operational risk management standards in the following areas:

- Separation of responsibilities requirements;
- Alignment with regulatory and legal requirements;
- Documentation of controls and procedures;
- Requirements for periodic analysis of the operational risk to which the Company is exposed and the adequacy of controls and procedures to prevent identified risks;
- Requirements for reporting operational losses and proposals for remedying the causes of these losses;
- Developing business continuity plans;
- Professional development and training;
- Setting ethical standards;
- Litigation risk prevention, including insurance where applicable;
- Risk mitigation, including efficient use of insurance where appropriate.

Balancing cost risk

This risk is specific to the electricity generation and sales business and is generated by possible unrealistic forecasts of hourly electricity delivery quantities and volumes which may impact the financial situation through additional balancing costs. This risk is considered to be reduced as a result of the forecasting activity carried out by the special department within the entity.

Taxation risk

Since January 1, 2007, as a result of Romania's accession to the European Union, the Company has had to comply with the European Union regulations and consequently has prepared itself for the application of the changes brought by the European legislation.

The company has implemented these changes, but the implementation remains open to tax audit for 5 years and even 7 years from the 2009 financial year.

The interpretation of the texts and the practical implementation of the procedures of the new applicable tax regulations harmonised with the European legislation may vary from entity to entity,

and there is a risk that in certain situations the tax authorities may adopt a different position from that of the Company.

The Company may continue to be subject to tax audits as new tax regulations are issued.

Risks related to forecasting and war

In February 2022, global geopolitical tensions escalated significantly following the Russian Federation's military interventions in Ukraine. As a result of these escalations, economic uncertainties in the energy and capital markets have increased, with global energy prices expected to be highly volatile for the foreseeable future. At the date of this report, management cannot reliably estimate the effects on the Company's financial prospects and cannot exclude negative consequences for its business, operations and financial condition. Management believes that it is taking all necessary steps to support the sustainability and growth of the Company's business in the current circumstances and that the business judgements in these financial statements remain appropriate.

If the situation of the armed conflict in Ukraine, and more recently the conflict in the Middle East, escalates, there is a risk of partial or total shutdown of activity, galloping inflation, reduction of trade and investment, increase in taxation and bank interest rates, material destruction and loss of human life.

Risks related to the economic activity forecast depend on the evolution of the armed conflict, as analysts talk of a new economic recession next year.

2.2. Specify and analyse the effects of all current and anticipated capital expenditure on the company compared to the same period last year.

The investments made are in accordance with the Investment Program for 2023, consisting in the purchase of machinery and continuing the automation of technological processes, aspects that will increase the productivity of work, the economic result of the company and improve the working microclimate.

Investments in 2023 are made from own and borrowed sources.

2.3. Specify and analyse the economic changes that significantly affect income from core business.

Among the factors that have had a negative influence on the company's results, we list:

- the war in Ukraine, the instability in the East;
- energy crisis and rising gas and electricity prices;
- the rise in fuel prices, due to instability in the East;
- rising inflation;
- rising prices for raw materials and fuel;
- increase in bank interest rates;
- increasing macroeconomic imbalances, with negative implications for the market;
- the penetration on the domestic market of products similar to those of the imported company (fibre-brick tubes);
- inconsistency in the legislative field;

- Excessive bureaucracy in obtaining the necessary permits and authorizations for operation.
- excessive and changing taxation;
- pandemic caused by the new coronavirus;
- 2.4. Changes affecting the share capital and management of the company.

This is not the case

- 3.1. Describe any instance in which the company was unable to meet its financial obligations during the period in question. Not applicable.
- **3.2.** Description of any changes in the rights of holders of securities issued by the company. Not applicable.

4. Significant transactions

In the case of issuers of shares, information on major transactions entered into by the issuer with persons with whom it acts in concert or in which such persons have been involved during the relevant time period. Not applicable.

Chairman of the Board of Directors, Eng. Milut Petre Marian Economic Director, Ec. Boitan Daniela